

Muscle physiology lecture 2

every 1 has a body

- same parts but diff. performance
- parts work together to allow movements or functions
- how to improve performance
- comes down to cell metabolism

diseases

- physiological inquiry - how to prevent getting ill
- how to cure illnesses
- activating tissues

human performance

- relatively new area of study
- exercises / diet / drugs to improve performance

exercise physiology gives context

- applicable bc its in you, your body - helps to remember a lot of stuff we will see
- can tie concepts back to your own self / humans
- exercise physiologists answer questions pertaining to your body

gym science

- goals
- physical appearance, performance, health, therapy
- distinguish btwn real science and "gym bro" science
- in order to know how to accomplish goals, need to know physiology
- ask more specific questions to make goals more attainable
- use fundamental principles to provide structure to your goals

organ systems - a way of organizing/classifying body & its parts

- musculoskeletal

- cardiovascular

- pulmonary

- metabolic

- neuroendocrine

- inflammatory / immune